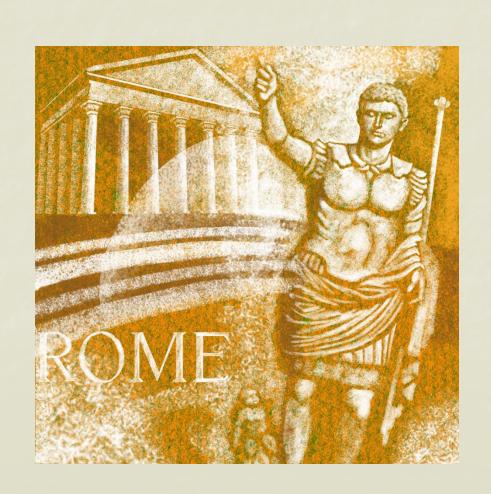
Act. 1.1 Mapping the Expansion of the Roman Empire



Rome's Beginnings: Romulus and Remus

Mythical Version:

- Romulus and Remus, sons of Latin princess and god Mars, were abandoned
- They were cared for by a she-wolf, and later discovered by a shepherd and his wife



Romulus killed Remus and becomes the first king of Rome

Historical Version:

- <u>Latins settled on Palatine</u>, a fertile area with pleasant climate, around 1200 B.C.
- Etruscans...people of the sea...of Etruria, ruled Rome for 200 years
- Romans overthrew Etruscan leaders and set up a Republic in 509 B.C.

The Expansion of the Roman Republic

- City-state Carthage ruled much of North Africa,
 Spain, and Sicily
- Roman conflict with
 Carthage started the Punic Wars
- Carthage lost all its territories to Rome in the Battle of Zama
- Rome became the leading power of the Mediterranean Sea



The Final Years of the Roman Republic

- Rome's conquests

 caused changes...cities become
 crowded, gap between rich and poor grew
- Attempts were made to improve conditions in Rome
- Julius Caesar built up an army and took power...he conquered surrounding areas and was eventually assassinated by those who opposed his dictatorship

Cleopatra's Death

- After Caesars death,
 civil war broke out
 between Antony,
 Cleopatra & Octavian
- Octavian won a victory at Actium



- Antony and Cleopatra committed suicide to avoid being paraded through Rome as captives
- Octavian became the absolute ruler of Rome and given the title "Augustus" (honored) and "FIRST CITIZEN"
- He ended the expansion of the Roman Empire and introduced the Pax Romana...a time of peace & unity

Gladiatorial Games



- After 186 A.D.,
 civil wars broke out and emperors lost control
- Rome's size was difficult to manage
- Barbarians attacked
- Gladiatorial games were one sign of Rome's decline